

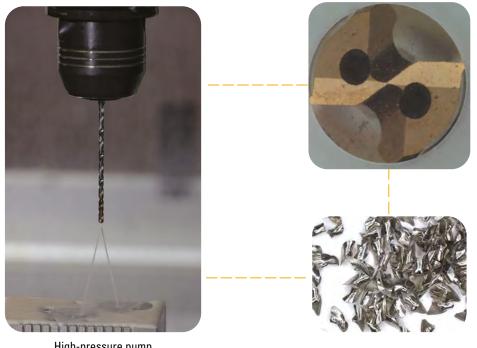
New drills for deep drilling DIXI 1410-HH & DIXI 1448-HH

Fast, precise deep drilling.

New drills available in 10xD, 15xD and 20xD $\,$

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High-pressure pump + Filtration

1.A NEW RANGES OF DRILLS WITH CENTRAL COOLANT - Ø1 TO Ø3 MM



1.B SPEED, EFFICIENCY, PRECISION, QUALITY OF SURFACE FINISH

Deep drilling with central lubrication in conventional geometries is a relatively slow process. Conventional drills tend to bend and deflect, compromising drilling accuracy. Generally manufactured with small Ø coolant holes, the cutting fluid does not cool the cutting area sufficiently and does not evacuate the swarf properly.

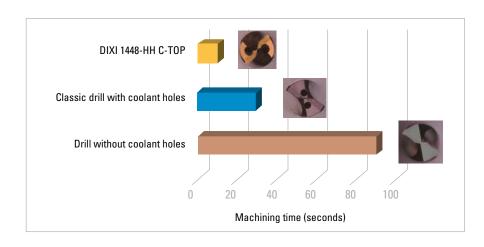
The new DIXI 1410-HH pilot drills and DIXI 1448-HH drills, with their oversized coolant holes and exceptional geometry:

- Allow higher speeds and feeds in all materials.
- In stainless steels and chrome-cobalt, they guarantee extraordinary time savings. The point geometry breaks up the material into short chips. After pre-drilling with a pilot drill, the bottom of the hole is reached in a single pass.
- For drilling with greater precision and minimal deviation.
- Improve surface finishes.
- Offer a much longer tool life than the usual standards.

1.B.1 SPEED, EFFICIENCY

Comparison between the new DIXI 1448-HH drill with optimised geometry, a drill with conventional geometry and a drill without coolant holes.

Drilling time per hole in seconds - twist drill Ø3 mm, depth 60 mm in 1.4441 stainless steel.





Details of the cutting conditions used to compare the 3 drills.

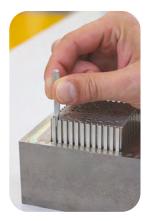
	DIXI 1448-HH Ø3 C-TOP	Classic oil hole drill	Drill without oil hole
Material	Stainless steel	1.4441 - X2CrNiMo18-15-3	- 316LVM
Depth (mm)		60 mm	
Cutting speed (m/min)	60	45	30
Lubrication	Internal	Internal	External
Method	Without retraction G81	Without short retraction G73 (every 1.50mm)	With full retraction G83 (every 0.50mm)
Feed rate (mm/min)	769	238	160
Time / hole (sec.)	10	28	90

1.B.2 PRECISION

Accuracy of Ø drilled at 20xD Pilot drill+ 20D drill:

Example for blind holes

Material	DIXI 1448-HH C-TOP	Ø measured on the pilot hole side with a gauge pin
Stainless steel 1.4441 X2CrNiMo18-15-3 316LVM	Ø2.00	Ø2.002
Stainless steel 1.4435 X2CrNiMo18-14-3	Ø1.50	Ø1.502
Chrome Cobalt 2.4964	Ø1.50	Ø1.503



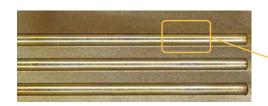
Example for through holes

Material	DIXI 1448-HH C-TOP	Ø measured on the pilot hole side with a gauge pin
Grade 5 titanium	Ø1.50	Ø1.505 (inlet) - Ø1.499 (outlet)

1.B.3 SURFACE QUALITY

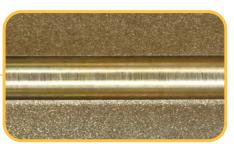
Example of Ra measurement:

- 1.4441 stainless steel
- Ø3 blind holes, 60 mm deep

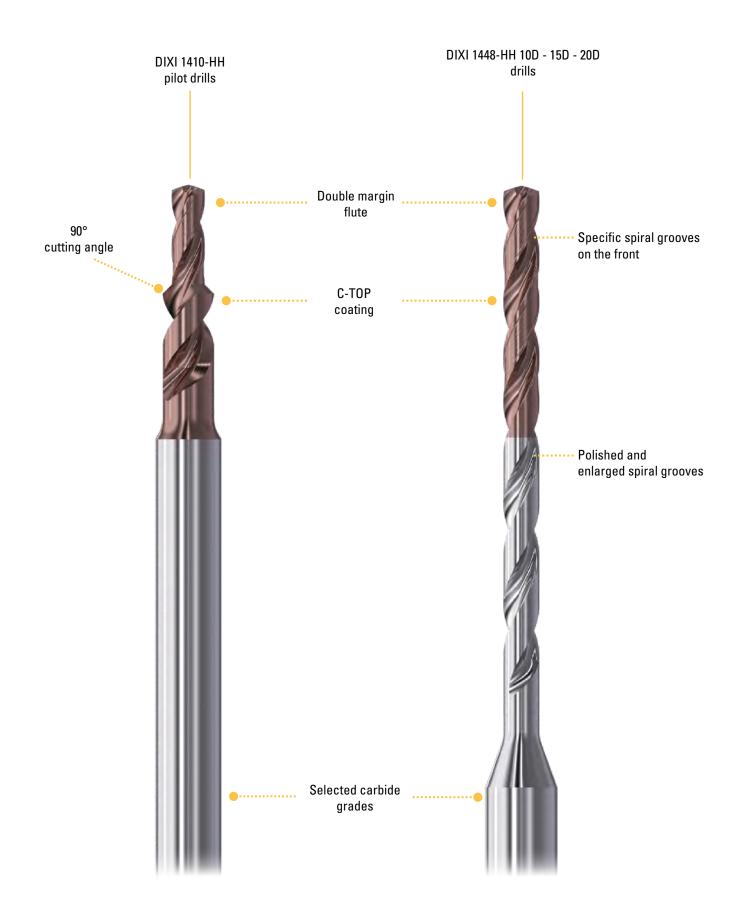




Ra between 0.17 and 0.19



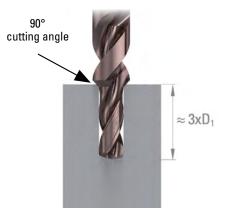
2.C GEOMETRIC CHARACTERISTICS OF PILOT DRILLS AND DEEP HOLE DRILLS



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2.A DIXI 1410-HH PILOT DRILL, THE ESSENTIAL TOOL

The pilot drill is necessary for drilling longer 10D, and plays an essential role in guiding the main drill for deep drilling. The point cut and double margin flute ensure precise pre-drilling, guaranteeing optimum positioning of the holes. For shallow drilling, the use of a DIXI 1105 C-TOP point drill with a point angle of 145° is an alternative solution.



The 90° cutting angle allows the hole to be chamfered if required on the workpiece drawing. This feature is optional, as pre-drilling to 2.5 times the diameter is sufficient to ensure accurate location.

Difference between the tip angle of pilot drills and deep hole drills







The angle of the tip is slightly greater (between 1 and 2°) on the pilot drill than on the deep hole drill.

10D - 15D - 20D DIXI 1448-HH drill





Drilling starts with the tip of the tool and not with the «corners» (the fragile part of a drill).

Difference in diameter between the pilot drill and the long drill

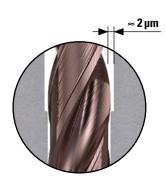
The pilot drill is a few microns larger in diameter than the deep hole drill.

This difference in Ø is necessary to allow the deep drill bit to be inserted without chipping its guide strips.

The pilot drill creates a hole very close to its manufacturing diameter.

An insignificant gap of a few microns remains after the deep hole drill has been used.





2.B LUBRICATION

2.B.1 FILTRATION, AN INTEGRAL PART OF LUBRICATION

To ensure optimum coolant flow and avoid the introduction of micro-particles or micro-chips into the channels of internally cooled drills, it is essential to use fine-mesh filters as a preventive measure. The filtration requirements vary depending on the drill diameter:

- Drills with a diameter of< 2 mm: recommended filtration ≤ 0.010 mm
- Drills with a diameter of< 3 mm: recommended filtration ≤ 0.020 mm



2.B.2 PRESSURE, THE KEY TO SUCCESS

Overall, the pressure required for effective drilling will be high, especially for the smallest \emptyset at a significant depth. Oversized coolant holes ensure that the cutting area is kept cool and short chips are evacuated.

The coolant pressure must be greater than 70 bar; a lower pressure will require a chip-breaking cycle with a pitch of 0.10 to 1x the Ø for all materials.

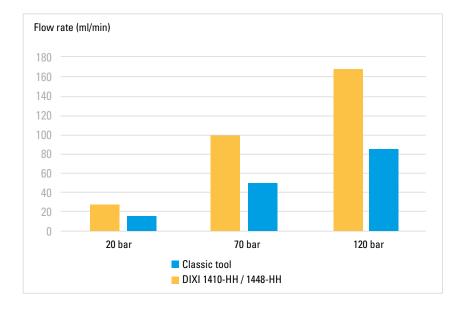
The comparative table below highlights the importance of applying a pressure of at least 70 bar for drills with a diameter of less than 2 mm.

Example: lubricant flow between 3 different pressures (20 bar, 70 bar and 120 bar) for a Ø1.10 drill.

Holes Ø 0.23 DIXI 1410-HH and DIXI 1448-HH

Holes Ø 0.15 Conventional drill



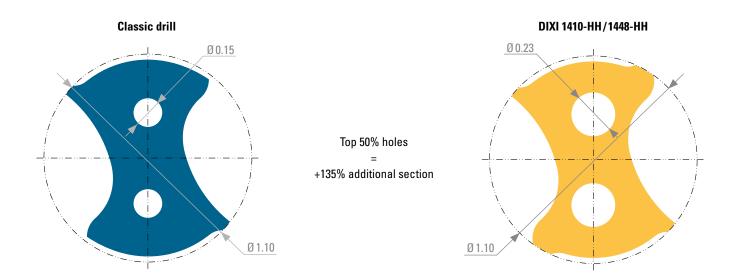


2.B.3 LUBRICANT FLOW

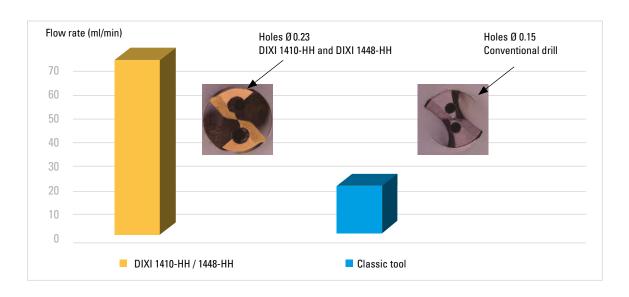
To ensure fast chip evacuation, a number of geometric features are required:

Oversized coolant holes provide abundant coolant= more fluid at high pressure, with a minimum of 70 bar = swarf is extracted at high speed.

Example for a Ø1.10 drill



Volume of liquid between different hole diameters (in ml / min)



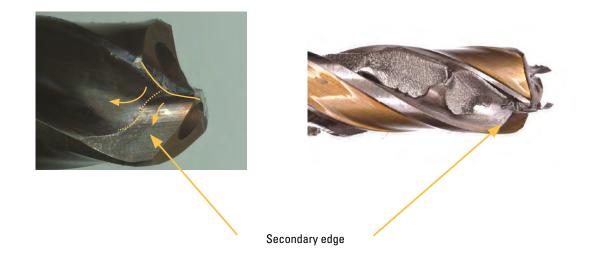
2.C CHIP BREAKING, THE GUARANTEE OF SUCCESS

The new cutting-edge geometry, developed by our R&D department, makes it possible to break and create short chips in materials such as stainless steels type 1.4441, 1.4435 and chrome-cobalt.

You can drill to the bottom of the hole in a single operation, after pre-drilling with the pilot drill.



Chip breaking process: The chip is rolled along the cutting edge, then bent and broken along the secondary edge.



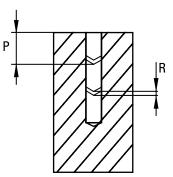
Second possibility:

Many materials, because of their composition or manufacturing method (drawn, forged, stamped, etc.), cannot be drilled in a single operation. The chips obtained are of varying lengths and risk getting stuck in the grooves or curling up behind the cut part.

The drill penetrates the material, stops its progress, moves back a few tenths of a $mm \ll R$ », and the chip is broken up and evacuated.

The recommended step size «P» is 0.10 to $1x\emptyset$. Drills with small diameters and 20D lengths are of course the most sensitive.





PILOT DRILLS WITH THROUGH COOLANT





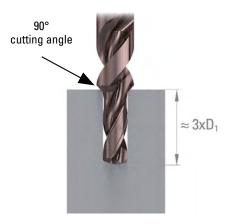
- High-performance pilot drills with reinforced shank and through coolant developed for guiding deep-hole drills.
- C-TOP coating improves tool life in difficult to machine materials.

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ISO		Р													Ν	Λ				I	(
Materials description		Unalloyed steel High alloyed steel dived steel								Marte stainle:		Austenitic stainless steel (DUPLEX/PH)				Grey cast iron		Nodular cast iron		Malleable cast iron			
VDI 3323	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13									13	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.4	15	16	17	18	19	20			
Recommendations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

ISO						ľ	V								S				H	1	
Materials description		aluminium loy	Cast	aluminium	alloy	Cu + Pb alloy	Cu alloy	difficult	Gold, Silver	Graphite	Plastic	Wood		fractory al prome Cob		Titanium, all	, titanium oy	Harden	ed steel	Hard ca	ast iron
VDI 3323	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		-	29	30	31	32	33-35	36	37	38	39	40	41
Recommendations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc				

D _{1 +0.002/+0.}	₀₀₆ L ₁	D ₂	L ₂	D _{h5}	L	Z	C-TOP
1.00	3.00	1.55	6.50	4	50	2	445068
1.05	3.15	1.65	6.85	4	50	2	445069
1.10	3.30	1.75	7.15	4	51	2	445070
1.15	3.45	1.80	7.50	4	51	2	445071
1.20	3.60	1.90	7.80	4	51	2	445072
1.25	3.75	1.95	8.15	4	51	2	445073
1.30	3.90	2.05	8.45	4	51	2	445074
1.35	4.05	2.10	8.80	4	51	2	445075
1.40	4.20	2.20	9.10	4	52	2	445076
1.45	4.35	2.25	9.45	4	52	2	445077
1.50	4.50	2.35	9.75	4	52	2	445078
1.55	4.65	2.45	10.10	4	53	2	445079
1.60	4.80	2.50	10.40	4	53	2	445080
1.65	4.95	2.60	10.75	4	53	2	445081
1.70	5.10	2.65	11.05	4	53	2	445082
1.75	5.25	2.75	11.40	4	54	2	445083
1.80	5.40	2.80	11.70	4	54	2	445084
1.85	5.55	2.90	12.05	4	54	2	445085
1.90	5.70	2.95	12.35	4	54	2	445086
1.95	5.85	3.05	12.70	4	54	2	445087
2.00	6.00	3.10	13.00	4	56	2	445088
2.05	6.15	3.20	13.35	4	56	2	445089
2.10	6.30	3.30	13.65	4	56	2	445090
2.15	6.45	3.35	14.00	4	56	2	445091
2.20	6.60	3.45	14.30	4	56	2	445092
2.25	6.75	3.50	14.65	4	57	2	445093
2.30	6.90	3.60	14.95	4	57	2	445094

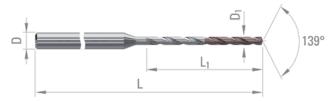
D _{1 +0.002/+0.0}	₁₀₆ L ₁	D_2	L_2	D_{h5}	L	Z	C-TOP
2.35	7.05	3.65	15.30	4	57	2	445095
2.40	7.20	3.75	15.60	4	57	2	445096
2.45	7.35	3.80	15.95	4	57	2	445097
2.50	7.50	3.90	16.25	4	59	2	445098
2.55	7.65	4.00	16.60	4	59	2	445099
2.60	7.80	4.00	16.90	4	59	2	445100
2.65	7.95	4.00	17.25	4	59	2	445101
2.70	8.10	4.00	17.55	4	59	2	445102
2.75	8.25	4.00	17.90	4	59	2	445103
2.80	8.40	4.00	18.20	4	59	2	445104
2.85	8.55	4.45	18.55	6	66	2	445105
2.90	8.70	4.50	18.85	6	66	2	445106
2.95	8.85	4.60	19.20	6	66	2	445107
3.00	9.00	4.65	19.50	6	66	2	445108



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Z = 2







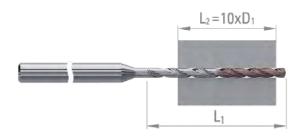
- High-performance twist drills with reinforced shank and through coolant developed for deep drilling 10xD₁.
- The use of a point drill or pilot drill is recommende before drilling.
- C-TOP coating improves tool life in difficult to machine materials.

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ISO							Р								Ν	Л				I	(
Materials description		Unalloyed steel Low alloyed steel							el High alloyed steel				ensitic ss steel	Austenitic stainless steel (DUPLEX/PH)			teel	Grey cast iron		Nodular cast iron		Malleable cast iron	
VDI 3323	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.4	15	16	17	18	19	20
Recommendations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0	O	O	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	O	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	O	0	0	\bigcirc

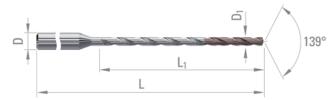
ISO						N									S				H	ł	
Materials description		aluminium loy	Cast	aluminium	alloy	Cu + Pb alloy	Cu alloy	/ difficult	Gold, Silver	Graphite	Plastic	Wood		fractory al prome Cob			, titanium loy	Harden	ed steel	Hard c	ast iron
VDI 3323	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	-	-	29	30	31	32	33-35	36	37	38	39	40	41
Recommendations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc				

D _{1 0/-0.004}	L ₁	L_2	D_{h5}	L	Z	C-TOP
1.00	12.00	10.00	Λ	EE	2	445150
1.00	13.00	10.00	4	55	2	445150
1.05	13.65	10.50	4	55	2	445151
1.10	14.30	11.00	4	57	2	445152
1.15	14.95	11.50	4	57	2	445153
1.20	15.60	12.00	4	57	2	445154
1.25	16.25	12.50	4	60	2	445155
1.30	16.90	13.00	4	60	2	445156
1.35	17.55	13.50	4	60	2	445157
1.40	18.20	14.00	4	62	2	445158
1.45	18.85	14.50	4	62	2	445159
1.50	19.50	15.00	4	62	2	445160
1.55	20.15	15.50	4	65	2	445161
1.60	20.80	16.00	4	65	2	445162
1.65	21.45	16.50	4	65	2	445163
1.70	22.10	17.00	4	65	2	445164
1.75	22.75	17.50	4	69	2	445165
1.80	23.40	18.00	4	69	2	445166
1.85	24.05	18.50	4	69	2	445167
1.90	24.70	19.00	4	69	2	445168
1.95	25.35	19.50	4	69	2	445169
2.00	26.00	20.00	4	73	2	445170
2.05	26.65	20.50	4	73	2	445171
2.10	27.30	21.00	4	73	2	445172
2.15	27.95	21.50	4	73	2	445173
2.20	28.60	22.00	4	73	2	445174
2.25	29.25	22.50	4	77	2	445175
2.30	29.90	23.00	4	77	2	445176

D _{1 0/-0.004}	L_1	L_2	D_{h5}	L	Z	C-TOP
					,	
2.35	30.55	23.50	4	77	2	445177
2.40	31.20	24.00	4	77	2	445178
2.45	31.85	24.50	4	77	2	445179
2.50	32.50	25.00	4	82	2	445180
2.55	33.15	25.50	4	82	2	445181
2.60	33.80	26.00	4	82	2	445182
2.65	34.45	26.50	4	82	2	445183
2.70	35.10	27.00	4	82	2	445184
2.75	35.75	27.50	4	82	2	445185
2.80	36.40	28.00	4	82	2	445186
2.85	37.05	28.50	6	101	2	445187
2.90	37.70	29.00	6	101	2	445188
2.95	38.35	29.50	6	101	2	445189
3.00	39.00	30.00	6	101	2	445190









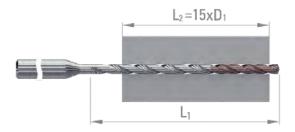
- High-performance twist drills with reinforced shank and through coolant developed for deep drilling 15xD₁.
- The use of a point drill or pilot drill is recommende before drilling.
- C-TOP coating improves tool life in difficult to machine materials.

																			С) good	() ez	cellent	
ISO							Р								I	N				I	(
Materials description		Un	alloyed s	teel			Low allo	yed steel			igh d steel		ensitic ss steel	Au		tainless st EX/PH)	eel		ey iron		lular t iron		eable iron
VDI 3323	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.4	15	16	17	18	19	20
Recommendations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

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Materials description		aluminium loy	Cast	aluminium	alloy	Cu + Pb alloy	Cu alloy	/ difficult	Gold, Silver	Graphite	Plastic	Wood		fractory a			, titanium loy	Harden	ed steel	Hard c	ast iron
VDI 3323	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	-	-	29	30	31	32	33-35	36	37	38	39	40	41
Recommendations	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc				

	D _{1 0/-0.004}	L ₁	L_2	D_{h5}	L	Z	C-TOP
Ì	1.00	10.00	15.00	4	<u> </u>	0	445101
	1.00	18.00	15.00	4	60	2	445191
	1.05	18.90	15.75	4	60	2	445192
	1.10	19.80	16.50	4	63	2	445193
	1.15	20.70	17.25	4	63	2	445194
	1.20	21.60	18.00	4	63	2	445195
	1.25	22.50	18.75	4	66	2	445196
	1.30	23.40	19.50	4	66	2	445197
	1.35	24.30	20.25	4	66	2	445198
	1.40	25.20	21.00	4	69	2	445199
	1.45	26.10	21.75	4	69	2	445200
	1.50	27.00	22.50	4	69	2	445201
	1.55	27.90	23.25	4	73	2	445202
	1.60	28.80	24.00	4	73	2	445203
	1.65	29.70	24.75	4	73	2	445204
	1.70	30.60	25.50	4	73	2	445205
	1.75	31.50	26.25	4	79	2	445206
	1.80	32.40	27.00	4	79	2	445207
	1.85	33.30	27.75	4	79	2	445208
	1.90	34.20	28.50	4	79	2	445209
	1.95	35.10	29.25	4	79	2	445210
	2.00	36.00	30.00	4	84	2	445211
	2.05	36.90	30.75	4	84	2	445212
	2.10	37.80	31.50	4	84	2	445213
	2.15	38.70	32.25	4	84	2	445214
	2.20	39.60	33.00	4	84	2	445215
	2.25	40.50	33.75	4	89	2	445216
	2.30	41.40	34.50	4	89	2	445217

D _{1 0/-0.004}	L ₁	L ₂	D_{h5}	L	Z	C-TOP
2.35	42.30	35.25	4	89	2	445218
2.40	43.20	36.00	4	89	2	445219
2.45	44.10	36.75	4	89	2	445220
2.50	45.00	37.50	4	96	2	445221
2.55	45.90	38.25	4	96	2	445222
2.60	46.80	39.00	4	96	2	445223
2.65	47.70	39.75	4	96	2	445224
2.70	48.60	40.50	4	96	2	445225
2.75	49.50	41.25	4	96	2	445226
2.80	50.40	42.00	4	96	2	445227
2.85	51.30	42.75	6	116	2	445228
2.90	52.20	43.50	6	116	2	445229
2.95	53.10	44.25	6	116	2	445230
3.00	54.00	45.00	6	116	2	445231



TWIST DRILLS WITH THROUGH COOLANT





- High-performance twist drills with reinforced shank and through coolant developed for deep drilling 20xD₁.
- The use of a point drill or pilot drill is recommende before drilling.
- C-TOP coating improves tool life in difficult to machine materials.

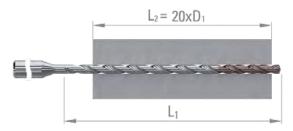
🔘 good	O excellent
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ISO							Р								Ν	/				ŀ	(
Materials description		Una	alloyed st	eel			Low alloy	ved steel		Hig alloyed		Marte stainles		Aus	stenitic sta (DUPLE		eel	Gre cast		Nod cast		Malle cast	
VDI 3323	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.4	15	16	17	18	19	20
Recommendations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

ISO						ſ	N								S				ŀ	ł	
Materials description	Wrought a		Cast	aluminium	alloy	Cu + Pb alloy	Cu alloy	difficult	Gold, Silver	Graphite	Plastic	Wood		fractory all rome Coba		Titanium, all		Harden	ed steel	Hard ca	ast iron
VDI 3323	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	-	-	29	30	31	32	33-35	36	37	38	39	40	41
Recommendations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc				

D _{1 0/-0.004}	L ₁	L_2	D_{h5}	L	Z	C-TOP
1.00	23.00	20.00	4	65	2	445232
1.05	24.15	21.00	4	65	2	445233
1.10	25.30	22.00	4	69	2	445234
1.15	26.45	23.00	4	69	2	445235
1.20	27.60	24.00	4	69	2	445236
1.25	28.75	25.00	4	73	2	445237
1.30	29.90	26.00	4	73	2	445238
1.35	31.05	27.00	4	73	2	445239
1.40	32.20	28.00	4	77	2	445240
1.45	33.35	29.00	4	77	2	445241
1.50	34.50	30.00	4	77	2	445242
1.55	35.65	31.00	4	82	2	445243
1.60	36.80	32.00	4	82	2	445244
1.65	37.95	33.00	4	82	2	445245
1.70	39.10	34.00	4	82	2	445246
1.75	40.25	35.00	4	89	2	445247
1.80	41.40	36.00	4	89	2	445248
1.85	42.55	37.00	4	89	2	445249
1.90	43.70	38.00	4	89	2	445250
1.95	44.85	39.00	4	89	2	445251
2.00	46.00	40.00	4	95	2	445252
2.05	47.15	41.00	4	95	2	445253
2.10	48.30	42.00	4	95	2	445254
2.15	49.45	43.00	4	95	2	445255
2.20	50.60	44.00	4	95	2	445256
2.25	51.75	45.00	4	101	2	445257
2.30	52.90	46.00	4	101	2	445258

D _{1 0/-0.004}	L_1	L_2	D_{h5}	L	Z	C-TOP
2.35	54.05	47.00	4	101	2	445259
2.40	55.20	48.00	4	101	2	445260
2.45	56.35	49.00	4	101	2	445261
2.50	57.50	50.00	4	110	2	445262
2.55	58.65	51.00	4	110	2	445263
2.60	59.80	52.00	4	110	2	445264
2.65	60.95	53.00	4	110	2	445265
2.70	62.10	54.00	4	110	2	445266
2.75	63.25	55.00	4	110	2	445267
2.80	64.40	56.00	4	110	2	445268
2.85	65.55	57.00	6	132	2	445269
2.90	66.70	58.00	6	132	2	445270
2.95	67.85	59.00	6	132	2	445271
3.00	69.00	60.00	6	132	2	445272



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4. CUTTING CONDITIONS

		VDI 3323		C-TOP Vc [m/mir
	Unalloyed steel, leaded steel	1 - 5		30 - 50 - 70
Р	Low alloyed steel < 800 N/mm2	6 - 9		30 - 50 - 7
	High-alloy steel > 800 N/mm2, stainless steel ferr marten.	10 - 13	[rpm]	20 - 40 - 6
м	Austenitic stainless steel < 700 N/mm2	14.1 - 14.2		20 - 30 - 6
	Nickel-free stainless steel / DUPLEX > 700 N/mm2	14.3 - 14.4		20 - 30 - 60
К	Grey cast iron < 250 HB	15 - 16		30 - 50 - 70
ĸ	Ductile, malleable, nodular cast iron > 250 HB	17 - 20		30 - 40 - 50
	Wrought aluminium alloy < 12% Si	21 - 22	W.	50 - 80 - 12
	Cast aluminium alloy >12% Si	23 - 25	X	30 - 50 - 70
Ν	Copper alloy good machinability with Pb	26	f	50 - 80 - 12
	Copper alloy with difficult machinability	27 - 28	[mm/rev]	30 - 50 - 70
	Gold, silver	-	Д	30 - 50 - 70
	Refractory alloy, Fe, Ni, Co base	31 - 32		10 - 20 - 30
S	Refractory alloy, Ni, Co, Chrome Cobalt base	32 - 35		20 - 40 - 50
	Titanium, titanium alloy	36 - 37		20 - 40 - 60

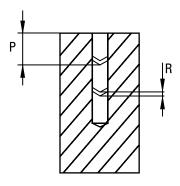
Drilling recommendations

For materials such as stainless steels 1.4441, 1.4435, AISI 304 and chrome-cobalt alloys, the geometry of the tool enables efficient chip breaking. After pre-drilling with a pilot drill, drilling can generally be carried out in a single pass, right down to the bottom of the hole.

Caution: Some materials (drawn, forged, stamped steels, etc.), because of their mechanical properties, structure or composition, generate longer chips that are likely to get stuck in the flutes or curl up behind the cut part. In these cases, an interruption cycle is recommended: The drill advances, stops and moves back slightly (a few tenths, «R»), which encourages the breaking and evacuation of the chip.

The recommended step size «P» is between 0.10 and $1 \times D$. Drills with small diameters and long lengths - 20D - are the most sensitive.

Advice: By observing the chips formed by the pilot drill, you can anticipate how the material will behave during final drilling.



 $\pi \times D_1$ [mm]

Ø D ₁ 1.00 -1.20	Ø D ₁ 1.30 -1.50	Ø D ₁ 1.50 -1.80	Ø D ₁ 1.80 -2.20	Ø D ₁ 2.20 -2.50	Ø D ₁ 2.50 -3.00
0.015-0.040	0.020-0.050	0.022 - 0.060	0.040-0.070	0.040-0.080	0.050-0.100
0.010-0.030	0.013-0.039	0.015 - 0.045	0.018-0.055	0.022-0.060	0.030-0.080
0.010-0.030	0.013-0.039	0.015-0.045	0.018-0.055	0.022-0.060	0.030 - 0.080
0.010-0.030	0.013-0.039	0.015-0.045	0.018-0.055	0.022-0.060	0.030-0.080
0.010-0.020	0.013-0.026	0.015-0.030	0.018-0.036	0.022-0.044	0.030-0.060
0.015-0.040	0.020-0.050	0.022 - 0.060	0.040-0.070	0.040 - 0.080	0.050-0.100
0.010-0.030	0.013-0.039	0.015-0.045	0.018-0.055	0.022-0.060	0.030 - 0.080
0.015-0.040	0.020-0.050	0.022 - 0.060	0.040-0.070	0.040 - 0.080	0.050 - 0.100
0.015-0.040	0.020-0.050	0.022-0.060	0.040-0.070	0.040 - 0.080	0.050-0.100
0.015-0.040	0.020-0.050	0.022-0.060	0.040-0.070	0.040 - 0.080	0.050-0.100
0.015-0.040	0.020-0.050	0.022-0.060	0.040-0.070	0.040-0.080	0.050 - 0.100
0.015-0.040	0.020-0.050	0.022-0.060	0.040-0.070	0.040-0.080	0.050-0.100
0.010-0.020	0.013-0.026	0.015-0.030	0.018-0.036	0.022-0.044	0.030-0.060
0.010-0.030	0.013-0.039	0.015-0.045	0.018-0.055	0.022-0.060	0.030-0.080
0.010-0.030	0.013-0.039	0.015-0.045	0.018-0.055	0.022-0.050	0.030 - 0.070

f [mm]

Feed per revolution

For accurate fitting, the concentricity tolerance of the cylindrical part at the end of the drill, should be always checked as shown on the figure.

The runout should be lower than :

- 0.005 mm for 10xD
- 0.008 mm for 15xD
- 0.010 mm for 20xD

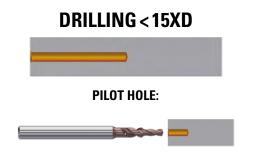
The coolant pressure must be greater than 70 bar; lower pressure will require a chipbreaking cycle with a pitch of 0.10 to 1x the \emptyset for all materials.

Use fine-mesh filtration to avoid clogging the oil holes with chip microparticles. Filtration requirements vary according to drill diameter:

- Drills with a diameter of < 2 mm : recommended filtration ≤ 0.010 mm
- Drills with a diameter of < 3 mm : recommended filtration ≤ 0.020 mm

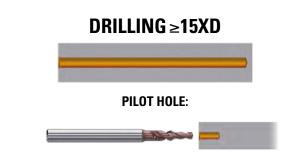


5. MACHINING PROCESSES, ADVICE ON USE



Drilling can be carried out in a single pass or with interruptions to the G73 machine cutting cycle, depending on the condition of the material and the formation of chips.

Stainless steels and chrome-cobalt alloys generally allow continuous drilling without interruption.



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Drilling can be carried out in a single pass or with interruptions to the G73 machine cutting cycle, depending on the condition of the material and the formation of chips.

Stainless steels and chrome-cobalt alloys generally allow continuous drilling without interruption.



High rotations associated with long projecting length create a run-out at the end of the drill. To enter into the pilot hole and protecting the drill margin flutes, start machining by entering at a reduced rotation and feed speed, for example at 500 rpm with a feed of 800 mm/min.



Drilling can be carried out in a single pass or with interruptions, depending on the material and type of swarf obtained. The use of the G73 cycle is very useful for breaking swarf, guaranteeing short swarf without completely rising to the surface of the workpiece. Stainless steels and chrome-cobalt alloys can generally be drilled in a single pass.



Once the drilling depth has been reached, move the drill back a few tenths, return to the reduced speed of 500 rpm and then remove the drill from the hole at a moderate feed rate of around 800 mm/min.

2

1

FULL DEPTH DRILLING:



depending on the material and type of swarf obtained. The use of the G73 cycle is very useful for breaking swarf, guaranteeing short swarf without completely rising to the surface of the workpiece. Stainless steels and chrome-cobalt alloys can generally be drilled in a single pass.



Once the drilling depth has been reached, move the drill backwards at rapid feed.

Example of a programme with adaptation of spindle rotation and drilling with interrupted cutting.

- DIXI 1448-20D-HH Ø3 C-TOP drill
- Drilling depth ap = 60 mm
- Cutting interruption every 0.5xØ
- High-alloy forged steel

N20 M6 T13 (DIXI 1448 Ø3 C-TOP drill) N30 G0 X0 Y0 (Drilling position) N40 M3 S500 (reduced spindle rotation to enter pilot hole) N50 M88 (central coolant activation) N60 G4 P2 (sec. timer for lubricant supply) N80 G0 Z1 N90 G1 Z-7.5 F500 (entry into pilot hole at 2.5XØ) N100 M3 S4500 (spindle rotation for drilling) N110 G4 P2 (Tempo to ensure spindle rotation) N140 G1 Z-10.5 F360 (feed for drilling) N150 G0 Z-10.3 (Return «R» of 0.2 to split the chip) N160 G1 Z-11 N170 G0 Z-10.8 N180 G1 Z-12.5 N190 G0 Z-12.3 N980 G1 Z-58.5 N990 G0 Z-58.3 N1000 G1 Z-60 (end of drilling position) N1010 G1 Z-58.5 (drill retracting point)

N1020 M3 S500 (reduced rotation speed) N1030 G4 P1 (speed reduction time) N1040 G1 Z10 F800 (drill output) N1060 M89 (internal coolant stop)

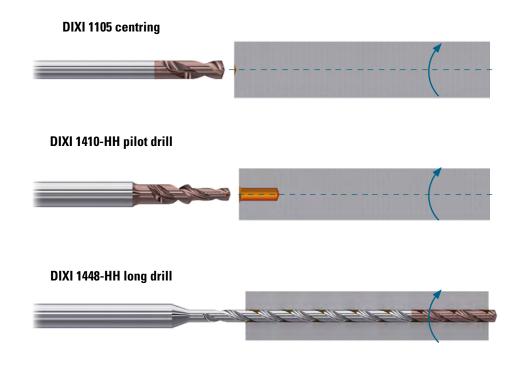
N1150 M30

%



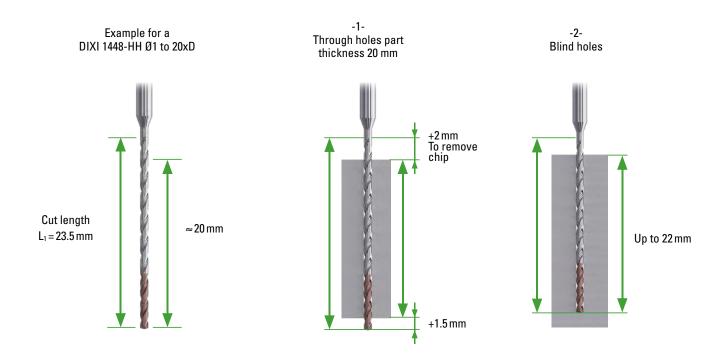
TURNING - LATHE TURNING:

When the part is rotating and the tool remains stationary, a 145° pointing is recommended before machining with a pilot drill, particularly for holes 15 to 20 times the diameter (XD), depending on the hole tolerances required.



THE «CUT» LENGTH L1 AND THE «USEFUL» LENGTH:

Through holes (see sketch 1) require a greater cutting length than blind holes (see sketch 2). For blind holes, the flute length should be longer than the depth of the hole. At least twice the drilling diameter to ensure efficient chip evacuation and avoid any risk of jamming.



6. APPLICATION EXAMPLE - WATCH INDUSTRY

20D drilling of 1.4441 stainless steel

Holes drilled with pilot drill followed by 20D drilling at 40 mm without deburring cycle using the same cutting conditions.

Tools:

DIXI 1410-HH Ø2 C-TOP pilot drill DIXI 1448-20D-HH Ø2 x46 C-TOP drill

Cutting conditions:

n = 9'550 rpm (Vc = 60 m/min) Vf = 764 mm/min (f = 0.03 mm/rev) 10 µm filtration - 7% emulsion Pressure: 80 bar



Low wear after 1'800 holes

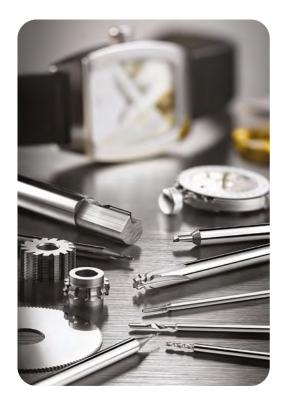






Classic drill

- ✓ Significantly improved drilling speed.
- ✓ Significant reduction in cycle times.
- ✓ Ability to drill more holes in a row.
- ✓ Superior performance compared with standard internal coolant drills.
- ✓ Better control of the heat development.
- ✓ Extended tool life.
- \checkmark Increased precision for serial drilling.
- ✓ Ideal solution for high productivity solution.



APPLICATION EXAMPLE - SUBCONTRACTOR MACHINE CONSTRUCTION

20D drilling of 1.4441 stainless steel

Holes drilled with pilot drill followed by 20D drilling at 30 mm without deburring cycle using the same cutting conditions.

Tools:

DIXI 1410-HH Ø1.5 C-TOP pilot drill 1448-20D-HH Ø1.5 x 34.5 C-TOP drill

Cutting conditions:

 $\label{eq:rescaled} \begin{array}{l} n = 12'733\,rpm~(Vc = 60\,m/min)\\ Vf = 390\,mm/min~(f = 0.03\,mm/rev)\\ Filtration~10\,\mu m - Emulsion~7\%\\ Pressure:~80~bar \end{array}$



Wear after 1'000 holes



APPLICATION EXAMPLE - SUBCONTRACTOR MEDICAL

20D drilling of titanium grade 5

Holes drilled with pilot drill followed by 20D drilling at 40mm with interrupted cutting cycle and the same cutting conditions.

Tools:

DIXI 1410-HH Ø2 C-TOP pilot drill DIXI 1448-20D-HH Ø2 x 46 C-TOP drill

Cutting conditions:

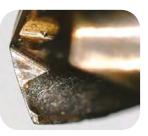
n = 4'775 rpm (Vc = 30 m/min) Vf = 190 mm/min (f = 0.04 mm/rev) Flow cycle: 2 mm Filtration 10 µm - Emulsion 7% Pressure: 80 bar



Short chips



Wear after 2'200 holes





20

APPLICATION EXAMPLE - AERONAUTICS SECTOR

20D drilling of Inconel 718

Holes drilled with pilot drill followed by 20D drilling at 56 mm with interrupted cutting cycle and the same cutting conditions.

Tools:

DIXI 1410-HH Ø2.8 C-TOP pilot drill DIXI 1448-20D-HH Ø2.8x64.4 C-TOP drill

Cutting conditions:

n = 2'274 rpm (Vc = 20 m/min) Vf = 46 mm/min (f = 0.02 mm/rev) Deburring cycle: 0.2 x Ø = 0.56 mm Filtration 10 μm - Emulsion 7% Pressure: 80 bar

Non-breaking chips



Significant wear after 60 holes





APPLICATION EXAMPLE - SUBCONTRACTOR MEDICAL

20D Chrome-Cobalt drilling

Holes drilled with pilot drill followed by 20D drilling at 30 mm without deburring cycle using the same cutting conditions.

Tools:

DIXI 1410-HH Ø1.5 C-TOP pilot drill DIXI 1448-20D-HH Ø1.5 x 34.5 C-TOP drill

Cutting conditions:

 $\label{eq:n} \begin{array}{l} n=5'305 \mbox{ rpm} (Vc=25 \mbox{ m/min}) \\ Vf=65 \mbox{ mm/min} (f=0.012 \mbox{ mm/rev}) \\ Filtration 10 \mbox{ \mum} - Emulsion 7\% \\ Pressure: 80 \mbox{ bar} \end{array}$





Holes drilled with pilot drill followed by 20D drilling at 60mm without deburring cycle using the same cutting conditions.

Tools:

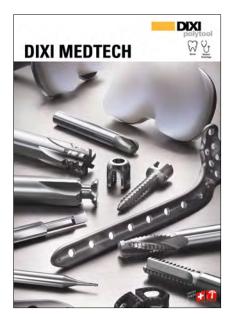
DIXI 1410-HH Ø3 C-TOP pilot drill DIXI 1448-20D-HH Ø3 x 69 C-TOP drill

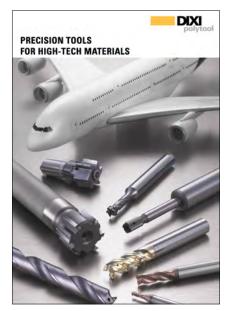
Cutting conditions:

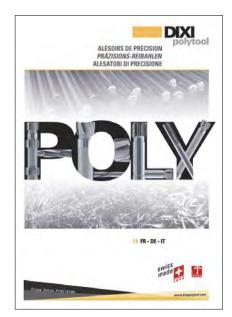
 $\label{eq:rescaled} \begin{array}{l} n=2'650 \mbox{ rpm} (Vc=25 \mbox{ m/min}) \\ Vf=66 \mbox{ mm/min} (f=0.025 \mbox{ mm/rev}) \\ Filtration 10 \mbox{ \mum} - Emulsion 7\% \\ Pressure: 80 \mbox{ bar} \end{array}$





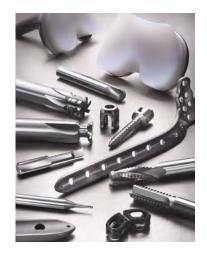
























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